

## Lecture 2: Animated modules



### 2.1. Algebraic categories

Def:  $\mathcal{C}$  category.  $\mathcal{C}$  is algebraic if there exists an essentially small full subcategory  $\mathcal{F}_{\mathcal{C}} \subseteq \mathcal{C}$  which extends to an equivalence

$$\text{Fun}_{\Pi}(\mathcal{F}_{\mathcal{C}}^{\text{op}}, \text{Set}) \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$$

finite product-preserving functors  $\mathcal{F}_{\mathcal{C}}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Set}$

which admits finite coproducts

Ex: The category  $\text{Set}$  is algebraic, with  $\mathcal{F}_{\mathcal{C}} = \text{Fin}$  the category of finite sets.

$$\text{Set} \simeq \text{Fun}_{\Pi}(\text{Fin}^{\text{op}}, \text{Set}).$$

$$X \in \text{Set} \quad \rightsquigarrow \quad \text{Fin}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Set}$$

$$Y \mapsto \text{Hom}(Y, X)$$

$$F: \text{Fin}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Set} \quad \rightsquigarrow \quad \text{sets } F_0 = F(\emptyset), F_1 = F(\{1\}), F_2 = F(\{1, 2\}), \dots$$

$$\text{isos. } F_0 \simeq \text{pt} = \mathbb{1} * \mathbb{1}$$

$$F_n \simeq F_1^{\otimes n} \quad \forall n$$

$$\{1, \dots, n\} \rightarrow \{1, \dots, m\}$$

$$\Rightarrow F_m \rightarrow F_n$$

$$\mathbb{X}^m \rightarrow \mathbb{X}^n$$

projection

$$X := F_1 \in \text{Set}$$



Ex (abelian groups)  $Ab$  is algebraic  
 $F_{Ab} = \{ \text{f.g. free ab. groups} \} \subseteq Ab$

$F_{Ab}$  can be identified w/ the category:

- objects:  $n \in \mathbb{N}$
- Morphisms:  $\text{Hom}_{F_{Ab}}(m, n) = \text{Hom}_{Ab}(\mathbb{Z}^{\oplus m}, \mathbb{Z}^{\oplus n}) \cong \text{Mat}_{n \times m}(\mathbb{Z})$
- composition  $\Leftrightarrow$  matrix multiplication

$$Ab \subseteq \text{Fun}_{\Pi}(F_{Ab}^{\text{op}}, \text{Set})$$

Object of RHS  $\Leftrightarrow F_0, F_1, \dots, F_n, \dots \in \text{Set}$

$$F_0 \cong \text{pt}, F_n \cong (\mathbb{F}_n)^{\times n}$$

$$\phi \in \text{Mat}_{n \times m}(\mathbb{Z}) \Rightarrow F_{\phi}: F_m \rightarrow F_n$$

$\rightsquigarrow$  underlying set:  $G := F_1 \in \text{Set}$

• operations: maps  $G^{\times n} \rightarrow G \Leftrightarrow (n \times 1)$ -matrices

$\begin{pmatrix} a_1 \\ \vdots \\ a_n \end{pmatrix} \rightsquigarrow$  operation of forming a linear combination w/ coeffs.  $a_i$

$$(a_1, \dots, a_n) \mapsto \sum_i a_i x_i$$

• addition:  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \Leftrightarrow (a_1, a_2) \mapsto x_1 + x_2$

$$G \times G \rightarrow G$$

• zero elt.  $[\ ]$  empty  $(0 \times 1)$ -matrix  $\Rightarrow \text{pt} \xrightarrow{0} G$

• additive inverse:  $[-1] \Leftrightarrow G \rightarrow G$

Remark: There is a canonical choice of  $F_C$ , namely the full subcategory of compact projective objects

- $X \in \mathcal{C}$  compact  $\Leftrightarrow \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}}(X, \rightarrow) : \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \text{Set}$  preserves filtered colimits
- $X \in \mathcal{C}$  projective  $\Leftrightarrow$  preserves reflexive coequalizers

Ex: In  $\text{Set}$ ,  $X \in \text{Set}$  is q.t. proj.  $\Leftrightarrow X$  finite.  
 In  $\text{Ab}$ ,  $X \in \text{Ab}$  is q.t. proj.  $\Leftrightarrow X$  f.g. free

Claim: Moreover, if  $\mathcal{C}$  algebraic then  $\text{Fun}_{\text{pr}}(F_{\mathcal{C}}^{\text{op}}, \text{Set}) \simeq \mathcal{C}$  is the free completion of  $F_{\mathcal{C}}$  by filtered colimits and reflexive coequalizers:

For every category  $\mathcal{D}$  (with filt. colimits + reflexive coeq.), there is an equivalence

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Fun}(\mathcal{C}, \mathcal{D}) &\xrightarrow{\simeq} \text{Fun}(F_{\mathcal{C}}, \mathcal{D}) \\ \text{"} &\Leftrightarrow \\ \{ \text{functors } \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{D} \text{ that preserve filt. colims. and refl. coeqs.} \} \end{aligned}$$

Reminder: a reflexive pair in  $\mathcal{C}$  is a diagram

$$x \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{f} \\ \xleftarrow{s} \\ \xrightarrow{g} \end{array} y \quad \text{with } f \circ s = g \circ s$$

Reflexive coeqs. are colimits indexed by reflexive pairs. These generalize quotients by equivalence relations.

$$(R \subseteq X \times X \quad \rightsquigarrow \quad R \rightrightarrows X \text{ reflexive pair})$$

eg. relation

## 2.2. Animation of categories



Def.  $\mathcal{C}$  an  $\infty$ -category,  $X_\bullet: \Delta^{op} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$  simplicial diagram in  $\mathcal{C}$   
 The colimit of  $X_\bullet$  is denoted

$$|X_\bullet| := \lim_{[n] \in \Delta^{op}} X_n \quad \cdots \xrightarrow{\cong} X_2 \xrightarrow{\cong} X_1 \xrightarrow{\cong} X_0 \rightarrow |X_\bullet|$$

and is called the geometric ~~realization~~ realization.

Def.  $\mathcal{C}$  algebraic category. An animation of  $\mathcal{C}$  is an  $\infty$ -category  $\text{Anim}(\mathcal{C})$  equipped with a fully faithful functor  $F_{\mathcal{C}}: \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \text{Anim}(\mathcal{C})$  such that:

$\forall \mathcal{D}$   $\infty$ -category (admitting filt. colimits + geo. realizations),

$$\text{Fun}^f(\text{Anim}(\mathcal{C}), \mathcal{D}) \xrightarrow{\cong} \text{Fun}^{Fe}(\mathcal{C}, \mathcal{D}) \quad \text{is an equivalence.}$$

$\{F: \text{Anim}(\mathcal{C}) \rightarrow \mathcal{D} \text{ preserve filt. colims + geo. realizations}\}$

• The  $\infty$ -category of anima is an animation of the category of sets. We denote it by:  $\text{Anim}$ .

Theorem: (Quillen, Lurie)

1) The fully faithful functor  $\text{Fin} \hookrightarrow \text{Kan}$  exhibits the  $\infty$ -category  $\text{Kan}$  as an  $\infty$ -category of anima.



2)  $\mathcal{C}$  algebraic category. Then the Yoneda embedding  $\mathcal{C} \hookrightarrow \text{Fun}(F_{\mathcal{C}}^{op}, \text{Anim})$  factors through

$$\mathcal{C} \hookrightarrow \overline{\text{Fun}_{\text{fin}}(F_{\mathcal{C}}^{op}, \text{Anim})} = \overbrace{\{\text{product-preserving functors}\}}^{\text{finite}}$$

and exhibits the Target as an animation of  $\mathcal{C}$ .

Def. Recall:  $\text{Set} \xleftrightarrow[\text{Anim}]{\text{Kan}}$  ~~Set~~

An anima  $X \in \text{Anim}$  is discrete if it is iso. to an object in the essential image.

$\mathcal{C}$  algebraic category. An object  $X \in \text{Anim}(\mathcal{C})$  is discrete if  $X: (\mathcal{F}\mathcal{C})^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Anim}$  factors through  $\text{Set} \hookrightarrow \text{Anim}$ .  
 $\Leftrightarrow$  the underlying anima of  $X$  is discrete.

$$\text{Anim}(\mathcal{C})^{\heartsuit} = \{\text{discrete objects}\} \subseteq \text{Anim}(\mathcal{C})$$

Claim: 1) The assignment

$$\left( (\mathcal{F}\mathcal{C})^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Anim} \right) \mapsto \left( (\mathcal{F}\mathcal{C})^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Set} \hookrightarrow \text{Anim} \right)$$

defines a fully faithful functor  $\mathcal{C} \hookrightarrow \text{Anim}(\mathcal{C})$   
 with ess. image  $\text{Anim}(\mathcal{C})^{\heartsuit}$  ( $\mathcal{C} \simeq \text{Anim}(\mathcal{C})^{\heartsuit}$ ).

2) The functor  $\mathcal{C} \hookrightarrow \text{Anim}(\mathcal{C})$  admits a left adjoint  
 $\pi_0: \text{Anim}(\mathcal{C}) \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$ , given by composition with  
 $\pi_0: \text{Anim} \rightarrow \text{Set}$  ( $\text{Kan} \xrightarrow{\pi_0} \text{Set}$  connected component functor).

Const (Underlying anima):  $X \in \text{Anim}(\mathcal{C})$

$$X^{\circ} := X(1) \in \text{Anim} \quad X(1) = \text{Maps}_{\text{Anim}(\mathcal{C})}(1, X)$$

(Assume  $\mathcal{F}\mathcal{C}$  is generated under finite coproducts by one obj.)  $1 \in \mathcal{F}\mathcal{C}$

$$\mathcal{F}\mathcal{A}b = \{ \mathbb{Z}, \mathbb{Z}^{\oplus \lambda}, \dots \}$$



## 2.3 Animated modules

Def:  $A$  comm. ring  $FA := \{ A^{\oplus n} \mid n \in \mathbb{N} \} \subseteq \text{Mod } A$   
 f.g. free  $A$ -modules

An animated  $A$ -module is a product-preserving functor  
 (finite)

$$M: (FA)^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Anim}$$

(cohomologically:  $D(A)^{\leq 0}$ )

Notation:  $D(A)_{\geq 0} := \text{Anim}(\text{Mod } A)$

Rule:  $M \in D(A)_{\geq 0}$  consists of:

- $M_n \in \text{Anim} \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{N}$
- $M_m \rightarrow M_n \quad \forall \varphi \in \text{Mat}_{m \times n}(A)$
- $\forall \varphi \in \text{Mat}_{m \times n}(A), \forall \psi \in \text{Mat}_{l \times m}(A)$

a homotopy between  $(M_{\psi\varphi}: M_l \rightarrow M_n)$   
 and  $(M_l \xrightarrow{M_\psi} M_m \xrightarrow{M_\varphi} M_n)$ .

- + a homotopy coherent system of compatibilities  
 between these homotopies.

Later:  $D(A)_{\geq 0}$  equiv.  
 to usual  $\mathbb{Z}$ -category  
 of connective chain  
 complexes.

subject to the condition:  $M_n \xrightarrow{\sim} (M_1)^{\otimes n} \quad \text{iso. } \forall n$   
 $M_0 \subseteq \text{pt.}$

The data of relevance:

- Underlying anima  $M^0 := M_1 \in \text{Anim}$
- Operations  ~~$M^0$~~   $(M^0)^{\times n} \rightarrow M^0$   
 $\Leftrightarrow \varphi \in \text{Mat}_{n \times n}(A)$
- action of  $A$  on  $M^0$ :  $A \rightarrow \text{Ead}(M^0)$

$$A \subseteq \text{Mat}_{n \times n}(A) = \text{Hom}_{FA}(1, 1) \xrightarrow{M} \text{Maps}_{\text{Anim}}(M_1, M_1) = \text{Ead}(M^0)$$



- Assoc. + commutativity up to coherent homotopy:

$$\forall x, y, z \in M \quad (\Leftrightarrow x, y, z = pt \rightarrow M^0)$$

$$a(a(x, y), z) \cong a(x, a(y, z)) \quad \text{where } a: M^0 \times M^0 \rightarrow M^0$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} M^0 \times M^0 \times M^0 & \xrightarrow{a \times id} & M^0 \times M^0 \\ id \times a \downarrow & & \downarrow a \\ M^0 \times M^0 & \longrightarrow & M^0 \end{array}$$

## 2.4. Derived functors

Const (left-derived functor):  $F: \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{D}$  functor of algebraic categories

If  $F$  preserves filt colims + ~~fl~~ refl. coeq's, then

$$\Rightarrow LF: \text{Anim}(\mathcal{C}) \rightarrow \text{Anim}(\mathcal{D}) \quad \text{unique functor s.t.}$$

- $LF$  preserves filt. colims + geom. realizations

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} \mathcal{C}e & \hookrightarrow & \mathcal{C} & \xrightarrow{F} & \mathcal{D} & \hookrightarrow & \text{Anim}(\mathcal{D}) & \text{commutes} \\ \downarrow & & & & & & \uparrow & \\ \text{Anim}(\mathcal{C}e) & \dashrightarrow & \text{Anim}(\mathcal{C}) & \xrightarrow{LF} & \text{Anim}(\mathcal{D}) & & & \end{array}$$

$$\forall X \in \text{Anim}(\mathcal{C}) \quad \pi_0 LF(X) \cong F(\pi_0(X)) \in \mathcal{D}$$

- If  $F$  preserves fin. coproducts, then  $LF$  does also.

Def:  $LF =$  left-derived functor of  $F$ .



Prop:  $F: \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{D}$ ,  $G: \mathcal{D} \rightarrow \mathcal{E}$  functors of alg. cats. preserving filt colims + reflexive coeqs.

Assume one of the following holds:

- a)  $F$  sends  $F_{\mathcal{C}} \rightarrow F_{\mathcal{D}} \subseteq \mathcal{D}$   $F_{\mathcal{C}} \xrightarrow{F} F_{\mathcal{D}}$   
 $\downarrow \quad \downarrow$   
 [More generally: sends  $F_{\mathcal{C}}$  to filtered colimits of objs. in  $F_{\mathcal{D}}$ .]  $\mathcal{C} \xrightarrow{F} \mathcal{D}$
- b)  $LG: \text{Anim}(\mathcal{D}) \rightarrow \text{Anim}(\mathcal{E})$  preserves discrete objs.  $\mathcal{D} \xrightarrow{LG} \mathcal{E}$   
 $\downarrow \quad \downarrow$   
 $\uparrow \forall X \in F_{\mathcal{C}} \quad LG(F(X))$  is discrete in  $\text{Anim}(\mathcal{E})$ .  $\text{Anim}(\mathcal{D}) \xrightarrow{LG} \text{Anim}(\mathcal{E})$

Then:  ~~$LG \circ LF \simeq L$~~   $\simeq L$   
 $\boxed{LG \circ LF \simeq L(G \circ F)} : \text{Anim}(\mathcal{C}) \rightarrow \text{Anim}(\mathcal{E})$ .

Ex:  $\varphi: A \rightarrow B$  ring homo.  
 $\varphi^*: \text{Mod}_A \rightarrow \text{Mod}_B \quad M \mapsto M \otimes_A B$

$\Rightarrow L\varphi^*: D(A)_{\geq 0} \rightarrow D(B)_{\geq 0}$   
 preserves colimits  
 $\pi_0 L\varphi^*(M) \simeq \varphi^*(\pi_0 M)$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} FA & \xrightarrow[\otimes_A B]{\varphi^*} & FB \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ D(A)_{\geq 0} & \xrightarrow{L\varphi^*} & D(B)_{\geq 0} \end{array}$$

$$\left( - \otimes_A B = L\varphi^* \right)$$

~~$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Alg}_A & \rightarrow & \text{Alg}_B \\ A' & \mapsto & A' \otimes_A B \\ (A \rightarrow B \rightarrow B') & \mapsto & (B \rightarrow B') \end{array}$~~

[HTT] §5.5.8  
 [CS] Cesnavicius-Scholze, §5  
 (Purity for flat cohomology)  
 [Adamek-Rosicky-Vitale] Algebraic theories